



ETSI MEC feedback on SDO mapping

Presented by: **ETSI ISG MEC**

For: **GSMA OPG joint workshop**

Friday 21 January 2022

Speakers: Dario Sabella (Intel, MEC chair), Walter Featherstone (Samsung, MEC vice-chair and MEC DECODE WG chair), Alice Li (Huawei, MEC vice-chair, MEC 011 rapporteur), Ulrich Kleber (Huawei, MEC 003 rapporteur), Lijuan Chen (ZTE, MEC 010-2 and MEC 021 rapporteur), Masaki Suzuki (KDDI, MEC 040 rapporteur), Yang Fan (Huawei, MEC 013 rapporteur)

Agenda

- High level considerations (ETSI MEC perspective)
- Overall approach proposed by ETSI MEC
- Consolidated answers on the SDO mapping from OPG
- Overview of ETSI MEC specifications relevant to OP
- Conclusions

High level considerations (ETSI MEC perspective)

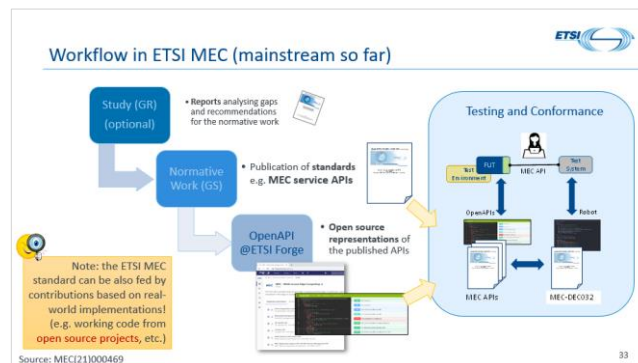
- ETSI MEC standard approach
- Workflow in ETSI MEC
- Ecosystem engagement (DECODE WG)

ETSI MEC – Foundation for Edge Computing

Basic principles:

- **Open standard** → allowing multiple implementations and ensuring interoperability
- MEC exploiting **ETSI NFV framework** and definitions → enabling MEC in NFV deployments
- Alignment with **3GPP** based on fruitful collaboration of common member companies → enabling MEC in 5G
- **Access-agnostic** nature (as per MEC acronym - Multi-access Edge Computing) → enabling other accesses
- Addressing the needs of a **wide ecosystem** → enable multiple verticals (e.g. automotive), federations

© ETSI 2022 – All rights reserved



ETSI ISG MEC DECODE Working Group: MEC Deployment and Ecosystem engagement activities

- OpenAPI representations: ETSI Forge
- Testing and Conformance
- MEC Ecosystem wiki
- PoCs (proof-of-concepts)
- MDTs (MEC Deployment Trials)
- MEC Sandbox
- Collaborations: Akraio
- Hackathons
- Plugtests
- MEC Tech Series

1 - 15 Oct 2021 NFV&MEC JOP Plugtests 2021

© ETSI 2022 – All rights reserved

- Work in ETSI MEC is aiming at not overlap with 3GPP (and assume viceversa: let's avoid duplication of work)
- Both ETSI MEC and 3GPP can show complementary coverage.
- The following slides (revised from the LS reply in Dec 2021) describe, from a technical perspective, a more consolidated feedback from ETSI MEC, to start an effective dialogue with both GSMA OPG and 3GPP.
 - Agreed conclusions after the present Joint Workshop (21/01/2022) are also sought, as a way forward for the joint std work and collaboration.

Overall
approach
proposed by
ETSI MEC

Alignment between GSMA OPG, ETSI MEC and 3GPP SA6

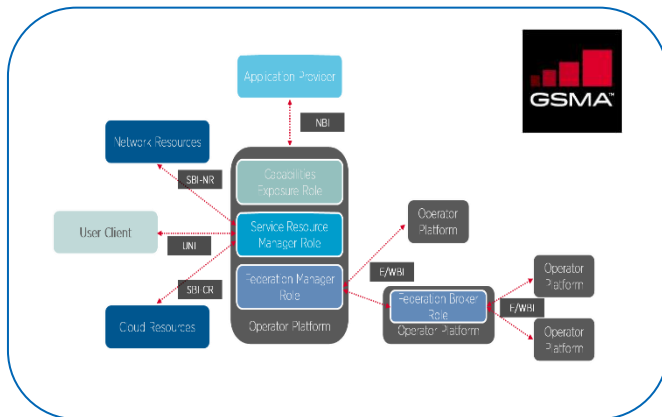


ISG MEC understanding, based on informal «Chairs Calls»

A possible relationship could consist in the following high-level steps:

1. GSMA asks SDOs to cover standards for the OP architecture (and OSCs to complement with open source)
2. Worksplit (ETSI, 3GPP, OSCs,..) and consequent std work, publication of standards etc..
3. Finally, GSMA will certify OP compliance

1.



GSMA PRD document (requirements)

2.



Work from SDOs and OSCs (under the GSMA guidance)

3.



GSMA certification of compliance to OP

Proposal: general overview

Vision toward standards alignment

- Expected to have a mix of APIs, ETSI, 3GPP, Implementation + others = Frankenstein. Need to align activities



How to align work in SDOs:

Step#1 - Based on the API list and OP definitions, define a more detailed mapping and worksplit between ETSI MEC and 3GPP, by using as a starting point the synergized architecture (from the ETSI white paper [here](#)), and build on top of that

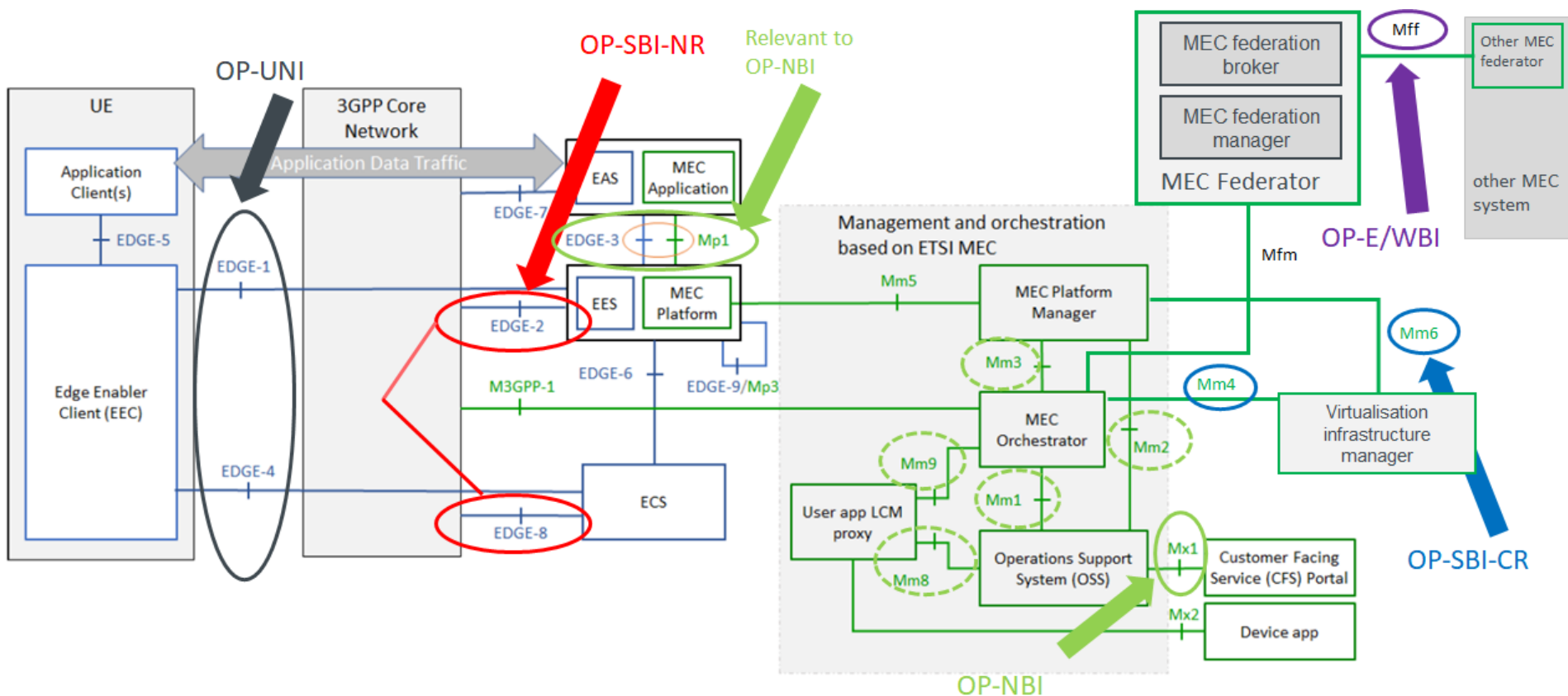
Step#2 – For the normative work (stage 2 – sequence diagrams) reuse existing specs from ETSI MEC and 3GPP

Step#3 - Prioritize the normative work in SDOs to fill the remaining gaps (for compliance to OP interfaces)

PS: how to **complement STD by OSC APIs work**: this is also a topic that can be discussed at the present joint workshop (Jan 21st). In a nutshell, ETSI MEC would welcome contributions from members, e.g. to feed Stage 3 APIs definitions (see step#3)

Step#1: define mapping and worksplit

Tentative mapping, need to be updated taking into account of feedback from GSMA OPG and other SDOs



Updated MEC 003 architecture (see slide 20)

Initial proposals:

Proposal 1: push synergy between Mp1 and EDGE-3, as they are relevant for NBI

Proposal 2: ETSI MEC can host EWBI (i.e. in MEC 040)

Proposal 3: It is convenient that ETSI MEC also hosts NBI standard (e.g. in MEC 040), subject to feedback from GSMA OPG and other SDOs (see next slides).

NOTE 1: Mff is currently under specification in ETSI MEC GS MEC 040
 NOTE 2: Mx1 is suitable for MEC Federation, although ETSI MEC has still not specified APIs
 NOTE 3: API specifications for Mm4 and Mm6 can be fulfilled by those provided by NFV (see next slide)

Tentative OP interfaces mapping with existing reference points

CAVEAT: this table is still NOT telling anything about the scope of future SDOs work!

- NOTE: relevance in this table is meant from a GSMA OPG compliance point of view!

OP interface	ETSI MEC relevance	3GPP relevance	Comments
OP-NBI	Mx1, Mp1	Provisioning MnS, EDGE-3	Synergy between EDGE-3 and Mp1 is currently under study in ETSI and 3GPP. Similarly, a clarification on the relationship between Mx1 and Provisioning Mns is needed.
OP-EWBI	Mff	n.a.	Mff is currently under specification in ETSI MEC GS MEC040 (drafts available in the MEC Open Area).
OP-SBI-CR	Mm4, Mm6	EES <-> EMS (*)	ETSI MEC has not specified APIs for Mm4 or Mm6. API specifications for Mm4 or Mm6 can be fulfilled by those provided by NFV for the Vi-Vnfm and Or-Vi reference points respectively. This interface (*) lies also in the scope of 3GPP SA5.
OP-SBI-NR	Mp2	EDGE-2, EDGE-8	
OP-UNI	n.a.	EDGE-1, EDGE-4	

Step#2: reuse of existing specs in ETSI/3GPP

NBI

- No specs exist, for the whole OP-NBI definition.
- There are existing **TMF, 3GPP and ETSI MEC specs** covering various APIs components.
- Available specifications should be reused as much as possible: we propose a **“packaging approach”** which consists in purely indicating which existing APIs are applicable (*).
- At least Stage 2 sequence diagrams should be provided.

Required API	Covered by SDOs
1	
2	NBI
4	Application onboarding and image management
5	Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle)
6	Telemetry
7	Notifications
8	Network Events
9	Trouble Ticketing
10	Application Resource Catalogue
13	QoS Management
14	Traffic Influence
15	Collecting Network Status
16	Managing Service availability in LADN
17	Application relocation

ETSI MEC 010-2
ETSI MEC 010-2
 3GPP TS 29.122 (SCEF) | TS 29.522 (NEF), 3GPP 28.552, 3GPP 28.554 (depending on data source)
 3GPP TS 29.122 (SCEF) | TS 29.522 (NEF)
 3GPP TS 29.122 (SCEF) | TS 29.522 (NEF)
 TMF 621
 ETSI MEC 011, TMF 639, TMF 634 (Resource inventory), (Resource Catalog)
 TMF 641
 3GPP 29.522 (NEF), TMF 636 (BSS)
 3GPP TS 29.122 (SCEF) | TS 29.522 (NEF) | TGAA (wip), ETSI GS MEC 015 (NEF)
 3GPP TS 29.522 (NEF), ETSI GS MEC 015 (NEF)
 3GPP TS 29.122 (SCEF) | TS 29.522 (NEF)
 LADN Concept defined by 3GPP 23.501
 3GPP 23.558 (3GPP 23.558 is a stage 2 (architecture) spec. The RESTful APIs to address the identified ref.

EWBI

- Similar situation here (since many EWBI components are in common to NBI).
- ETSI GS MEC 040 (“MEC Federation enablement APIs”) is currently defining messages/procedures, starting from the EWBI interface management (unique).
- Available specifications can be reused as much as possible: also here, we propose a **“packaging approach”** which consists in purely indicating which existing APIs are applicable (*).
- The spec ETSI GS MEC 040 can host EWBI. The spec is open for contributions, and NOW is the right time frame to contribute!
- At least Stage 2 sequence diagrams should be provided.

EWBI
Application onboarding
Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)
Telemetry
Notifications
Network Events
Trouble Ticketing
East/West Bound Interface Management
Availability Zone Information Synchronisation Service
LBO Roaming (Monitoring)
LBO Roaming (Authentication)
Edge Node Sharing (resource onboarding & Management)

NOTE1: the same ETSI GS MEC 040 can be used both in EWBI and NBI as a convenient “container”, subject to feedback from other SDOs.

NOTE2: the structure of ETSI GS MEC 040 contains clause 5 (informative) on message exchanges, and clause 6 and 7 (normative) on data types and API design



(*) listing specs can be done e.g., in the MEC 040 annex. The right “level” of reuse in this approach should be preferably decided case-by-case, based on the specific data type and document

Step#3: *normative* work aligning ETSI MEC and 3GPP

- **EWBI** is in scope of ETSI GS MEC 040
 - Stage 2 – messages definition via Mff can include all EWBI-relevant messages.
 - Stage 3: API definition (data types) can refer to the OPG list of APIs (see figure).
 - GSMA OPAG can directly contribute and/or invite LF to join MEC (if appropriate and convenient).

- **NBI** can be hosted by ETSI MEC (as per past LS exchanges with GSMA)
 - Possibly MEC 040 can highlight the Mx1 mapping to NBI.
 - For discussion: “Provisioning MnS” in SA5 can be considered as a particular implementation of Mx1.
 - Stage 2 – similar to EWBI (Mff).
 - A relevant MEC enabler is Mp1, with its APIs
 - Stage 3 -- API definition (data types) can refer to the OPG list of APIs (see figure).
 - Reuse the existing specs from other SDOs


EWBI
Application onboarding
Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)
Telemetry
Notifications
Network Events
Trouble Ticketing
East/West Bound Interface Management
Availability Zone Information Synchronisation Service
LBO Roaming (Monitoring)
LBO Roaming (Authentication)
Edge Node Sharing (resource onboarding & Management)

NBI
Application onboarding and image management
Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)
Telemetry
Notifications
Network Events
Trouble Ticketing
Application Resource Catalogue
Ordering
Billing
QoS Management
Traffic Influence
Collecting Network Status
Managing Service availability in LADN
Application relocation
NEW: Confirm User Location
NEW: Get User Consent

NOTE1: It is essential to reuse existing specifications from other SDOs (*)

NOTE2: For stage 3 the API definitions, GSMA OPAG can directly contribute and/or invite LF to join MEC

(*) also here, the right “level” of reuse in the “packaging approach” should be preferably decided case-by-case, based on the specific data type and document

A circular inset image showing a close-up of blue network cables plugged into a server rack. The cables are bundled and connected to multiple ports on the rack. The background is blurred, showing more of the server environment.

Consolidated answers on the SDO mapping from OPG

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – NBI (1/2)

⚙️ OP APIs	📖 ETSI MEC Reference(s)	✅/📅 Stage 2 Availability	✅/📅 Stage 3 Availability	📄 ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	💬 Comments from ETSI MEC
Application onboarding and image management.	ETSI GS 037 V3.1.1 target July 2022	MEC037 (work in progress) provides the package format for the MEC applications.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ETSI MEC defined “application package”; software image is one of artifacts of an application package. MEC010-2 provides application package management related APIs. Image management is implemented as partial of package management. MEC010-2 provides MEC application LCM related APIs. <p>An elaborated answer is described in slide 21</p>
	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Available at clause 5.2, 5.6 and 6.3.3	Available at clause 7.3	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: app-pkgm API: here app-lcm API: here	
Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Available at clause 5.3, 5.7 and 6.3.1	Available at clause 7.4		
Telemetry					
Notifications					
Network Events					
Trouble Ticketing					
Application Resource Catalogue	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 ETSI GS MEC 011 V3.1.1, target Q2 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	ETSI GS MEC 011 Clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.5	ETSI GS MEC 011 Clauses 8.1.2 and 8.2	Gaps are still present (Work in progress) ETSI GS MEC 011 - MEC service management API - MEC application support API	

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – NBI (2/2)









OP APIs	ETSI MEC Reference(s)	✓/📅 Stage 2 Availability	✓/📅 Stage 3 Availability	ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	Comments from ETSI MEC
Ordering	<e.g. Doc number, "Not available">	<e.g. Available, Target Qx 202y, ...>	<e.g. Available, Target Qx 202y, ...>		
Charging					
Billing					
QoS Management	ETSI GS MEC 015 V2.1.1, published Q2 2021	Clause 6	Clauses 7 and 8	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: bwm API: here	To support QoS management, we can map the 3GPP APIs (NEF, SCEF) to SBI-NR (between CN and Edge) and as enablers of NBI. The ETSI MEC API (MEC 015) is more directly relevant to NBI (between Edge and Apps). No overlap issues, since MEC 015 only specifies interfaces/APIs between edge and applications, while 3GPP is more focused on enablers/solutions.
Traffic Influence	ETSI GS MEC 015 V2.1.1, published Q2 2021	Clause 6	Clauses 7 and 9	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: mts API: here	
Managing Service availability in LADN					
Application relocation	ETSI GS MEC 021 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Available at clause 6	Available at clause 8	OpenAPI representations in ETSI forge (here) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adj-app-inst • app-mob-ser • app-mob-ser-der • subscriptions 	MEC 021 is a relevant MEC enabler for application mobility. An elaborated answer is described in slide 22 . Notifying user device of change of communication endpoint is covered by MEC 016, which is limited to user apps instantiated over Mx2.
Confirm User Location	ETSI GS MEC 013 target Q1 2022 (draft v2.1.5 is here)	Clause 6	Clauses 7	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: location API: here	MEC 013 can be another enabler

ETSI GS MEC 040 (drafts in [MEC Open Area](#))

MEC 040 can be convenient to host OP-NBI, while other MEC specs (e.g. MEC010-2 and MEC011) are the relevant MEC enablers for OP-NBI.

An elaborated answer is described in [slides 23-25](#)

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – EWBI (1/2)

 OP APIs	 ETSI MEC References	 /  Stage 2 Availability	 /  Stage 3 Availability	 ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	 Comments from ETSI MEC
Application onboarding	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Available at clause 5.2, 5.6 and 6.3.3	Available at clause 7.3	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: app-pkgm API: here	An elaborated answer is described in slide 21
Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Available at clause 5.3, 5.7 and 6.3.1	Available at clause 7.4	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: app-lcm API: here	An elaborated answer is described in slide 21
Telemetry					ETSI GS MEC 040 (drafts in MEC Open Area) MEC 040 can be convenient to host OP-NBI, while other MEC specs (e.g. MEC010-2 and MEC011) are the relevant MEC enablers for OP-NBI.
Notifications					
Network Events					
Trouble Ticketing					
East/West Bound Interface Management	ETSI GS MEC 040 (draft in MEC Open Area) plans to move to stable in April 2022	Clause 5 of ETSI GS MEC 040	Clauses 6 and 7 of ETSI GS MEC 040	API name and design is TBD at stage 3	
Charging					
Billing					
QoS Management					

NOTE: more clarity from OPG on this «EWBI interface management» would be appreciated.

Source: OPG webinar (document MEC(21)000617)

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – EWBI (2/2)

⚙️ OP APIs	📄 ETSI MEC References	✅ / 📅 Stage 2 Availability	✅ / 📅 Stage 3 Availability	📄 ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	💬 Comments from ETSI MEC
Traffic Influence					
Application Resource Catalogue	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 ETSI GS MEC 011 V3.1.1, target Q2 2022	ETSI GS MEC 011 Clauses 5.2.4 and 5.2.5	ETSI GS MEC 011 Clauses 8.1.2 and 8.2	Gaps are still present (Work in progress) ETSI GS MEC 011 - MEC service management API - MEC application support API	Both MEC011 and MEC010-2 and are relevant MEC enablers for OP-NBI. • MEC011 provides MEC services related information (availability, capabilities, etc.). Some gap is still present (work in progress) • MEC010-2 is indirectly relevant to NBI, as internal enabler providing MEC application LCM related APIs.
East/West Bound Interface Management	ETSI GS MEC 040				
Availability Zone Information Synchronisation Service					
LBO Roaming (Monitoring)					
LBO Roaming (Authentication)					
Edge Node Sharing (resource onboarding & Management)	ETSI GS MEC 040 (draft in MEC Open Area) plans to move to stable in April 2022				

ETSI GS MEC 040 (drafts in [MEC Open Area](#))









MEC 040 can be convenient to host OP-NBI, while other MEC specs (e.g. MEC010-2 and MEC011) are the relevant MEC enablers for OP-NBI.

An elaborated answer is described in [slides 23-25](#)

Source: OPG webinar (document MEC(21)000617)

• Duplicated row? (see previous page, where a full answer was provided already)

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – SBI-CR (1/1)

 OP APIs	 ETSI MEC References	 /  Stage 2 Availability	 /  Stage 3 Availability	 ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	 Comments from ETSI MEC
Orchestration	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)	Not available	Not available	Not available	<p>Orchestration in ETSI MEC is leveraging NFV standard.</p> <p>With respect to SBI-CR interface, ETSI MEC reference architecture choose the “Integration with Infrastructure Manager” solution (clause 5.1.3.1.2 in PRD) . MEO and MEPM are the users of interfaces provided by VIM.</p> <p>ETSI MEC integrates with cloud resources APIs on SBI to support the needed functionalities for application and resources management, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application onboarding/instantiation on specific site; • Image management; • Application lifecycle management; • Etc.
Virtualised Infrastructure Manager	ETSI GS MEC 10-2 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022 (draft in MEC Open Area)			See slides on NBI. Example: VimConnectionInfo is specified in MEC 10-2 (see also clause 9.5.3.2 of ETSI GS NFV-SOL 003).	MEO and MEPM are the entities interfacing with VIM. The specific interface depends on the implementation, such as chosen version of OpenStack, etc. <u>Specification is not in the scope of MEC010-2.</u>
Container Infrastructure Manager	ETSI GR MEC 027 V2.1.1 (2019-11), available here			Not planned	GR MEC 027 is a «Study on MEC support for alternative virtualization technologies».
Telemetry					
Notifications					

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – SBI-NR (1/1)

⚙️ OP APIs	📖 ETSI MEC References	✅ / 📅 Stage 2 Availability	✅ / 📅 Stage 3 Availability	📄 ETSI MEC corresponding APIs	💬 Comments
User Authentication and Authorisation					
Mobility Triggers					
Mobility Control					
Confirm user location					
QoS Management	ETSI GS MEC 015 V2.1.1, published Q2 2021	Clause 6	Clauses 7 and 8	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: bwm API: here	See slide on NBI.
Traffic Influence	ETSI GS MEC 015 V2.1.1, published Q2 2021	Clause 6	Clauses 7 and 9	OpenAPI representations published in ETSI forge: mts API: here	
Managing Service availability in LADN					
Application relocation	ETSI GS MEC 021 V2.2.1, target Q1 2022	Available at clause 6	Available at clause 8	OpenAPI representations in ETSI forge (here) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adj-app-inst • app-mob-ser • app-mob-ser-der • subscriptions 	MEC 021 is a relevant MEC enabler for application mobility An elaborated answer is described in slide 22
Location Privacy Indicator					

GSMA OPAG API Mapping Feedback – SBI-CHF, UNI, Edge App to Infra

APIs	Description	SDO References	Comments
Charging events	Provide charging data on application usage of resources and capabilities to be included in charging records.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3GPP TS 32.291 	

APIs	Description	SDO References	Comments
Registration	Register and authenticate a UE with the OP.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3GPP TS 23.558 	
Discovery	Discover the available resources, capabilities and applications.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3GPP TS 23.558 	
Mobility/QoE	Handling of mobility and QoE reporting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3GPP TS 23.558 	

APIs	Description	SDO References	Comments
Containers	Allow applications based on containers to interact with container infrastructure.		
VMs	Allow applications based on VMs to interact with virtualised infrastructure.		

• No other ETSI MEC feedback so far

- Todo

Overview of ETSI MEC specifications relevant to OP

GS MEC 003 – Update MEC reference architecture specification

MEC 003 prepared for publication of architecture supporting federation

- Introduce new FB „MEC Federator“
- Introduce new reference points
- Initial mapping to GSMA OPG interfaces
- OP-E/WBI supported through new Mff reference point
- Work started for next step to include detailed requirement mapping
- Document already available at <https://docbox.etsi.org/ISG/MEC/Open>

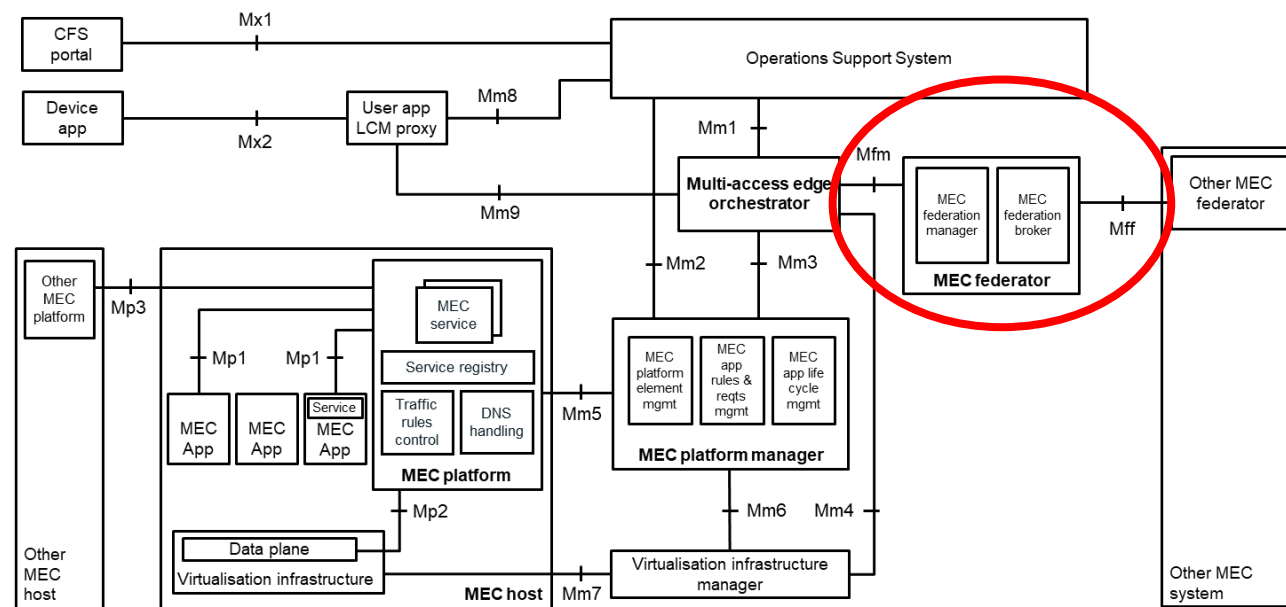


Figure 6-3: Multi-access edge system reference architecture variant for MEC federation

GS MEC 10-2 – relevance for OP-NBI

Application package management APIs and application LCM APIs are currently used on Mm1 and Mm3/Mm3* reference point. All these APIs could be reused on OP-NBI (taking as Mm1) or Mfm reference point in the federation variant architecture.

Application provider:
Providing LCM input parameters

- Application package management interface in MEC010-2:
- On-board application package.
 - Query application package information.
 - Disable application package.
 - Enable application package.
 - Delete application package.
 - Fetch application package.
 - Subscribe to notification relating to package change

Application provider:
Setting values for the parameters in the template to create a specific application package

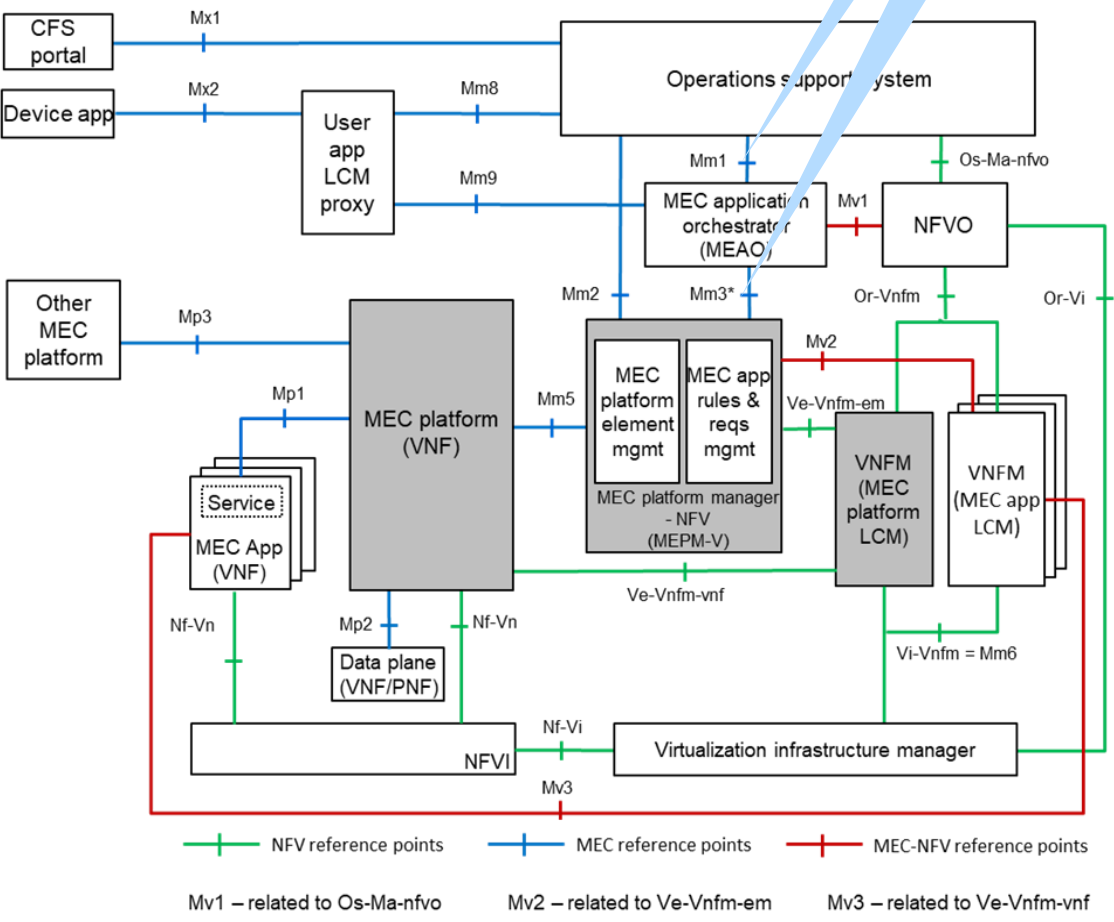
ETSI MEC:

- ✓ MEC010-2 defines the data model of application descriptor
- ✓ MEC037 (work in progress) specifies the format of application package and its constituents



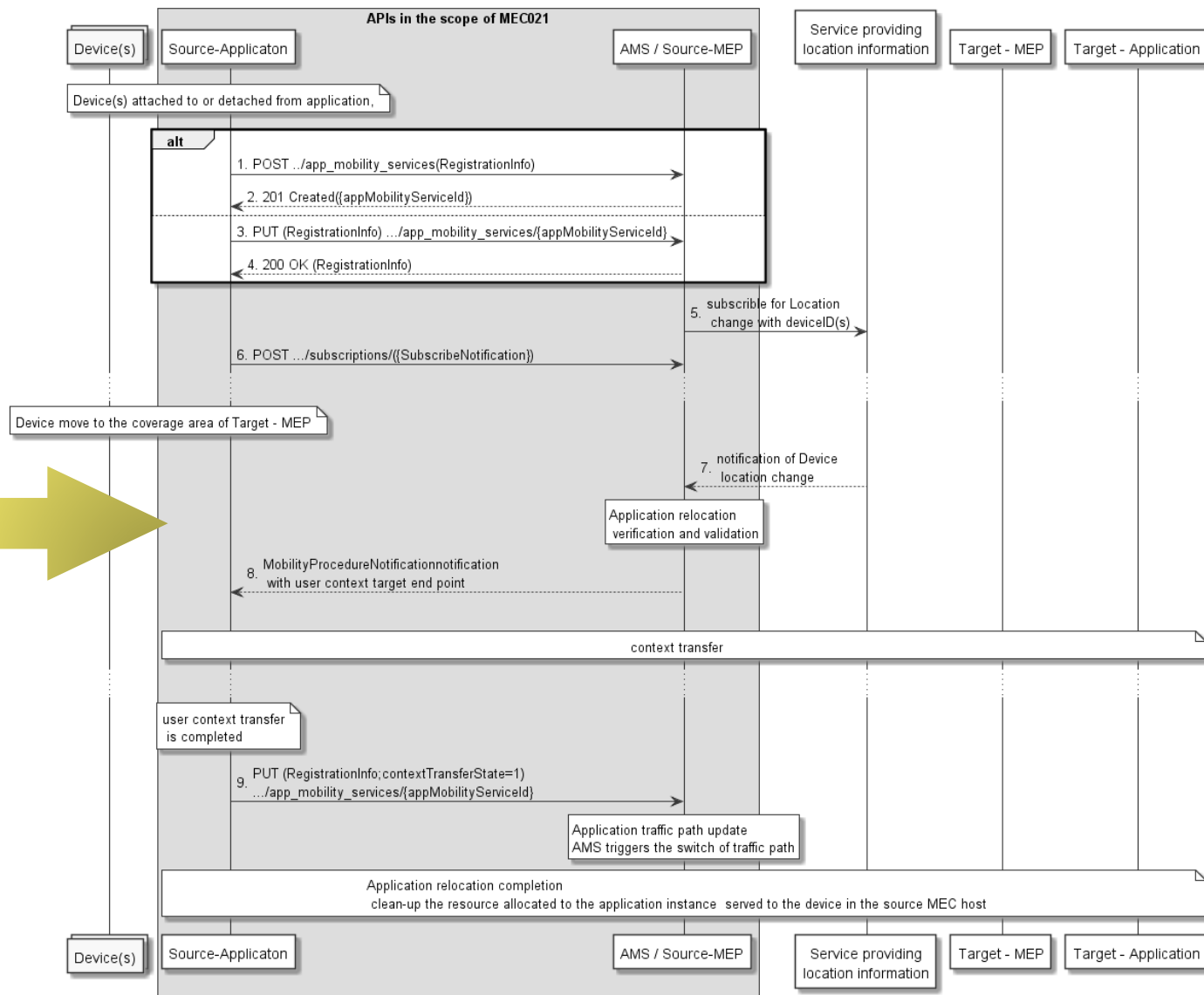
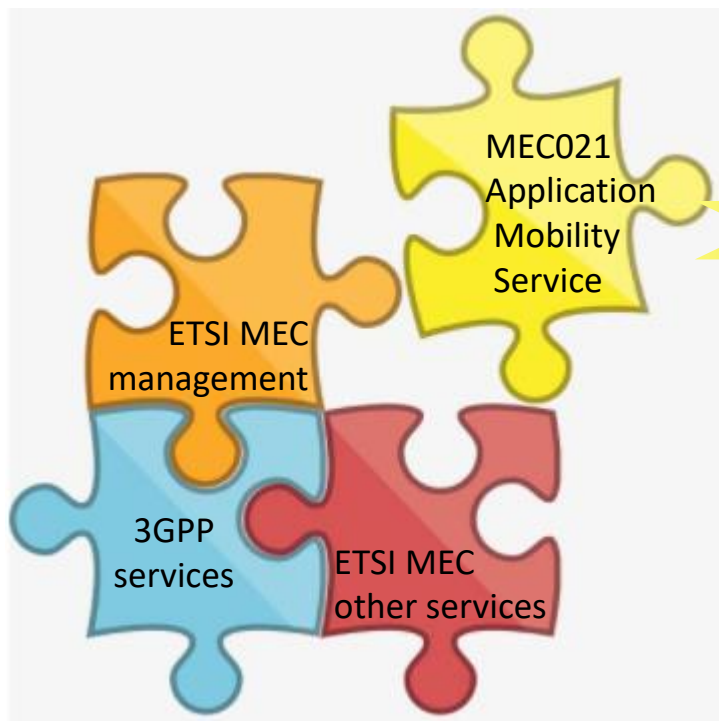
- Application LCM interface in MEC010-2:
- Create application instance identifier
 - Instantiate application
 - Query application instance information.
 - Change application instance state.
 - Terminate application instance
 - Query application lifecycle operation Status.
 - Delete application instance identifier.
 - Subscribe to notifications relating to application LCM

- application package**
- package metadata
 - manifest
 - application descriptor
 - application rules
 - requirements of a MEC application
 - artifacts or URIs to artifacts
 - software image(s)
 - optionally other files



GS MEC 021- relevance of Application relocation

Application Mobility Service support may be considered as part of the service continuity support, for which the service to the user will resume and continue when the application instance is made available in the target MEC host and the user context, if needed, is transferred to the application instance there.



GS MEC 040 – relevance for OP-NBI and OP-EWBI

- Overview of ETSI GS MEC 040

- Scope:

The present document focuses on the functionalities enabled over the relevant reference points (i.e., ~~Mfm-fed~~, ~~Mff-fed~~, and ~~Mfb-fed~~) to support MEC federation. It describes the information flows, required information, and specifies the necessary operations, data models and API definitions. The present document carefully considers the relevant work of other industry bodies relating to MEC federation (e.g., GSMA OPG, 5GAA, etc.) and all relevant work done in ETSI.

- MEC 040 can be convenient to host NBI and E/WBI, while technical enablers are defined in other specifications.

- State of play:

- Currently defining information flows
 - About to start defining data models and APIs
 - (drafts available in [MEC Open Area](#))

GS MEC 040 – relevance for OP-NBI and OP-EWBI

- OP-NBI

APIs	Comments
"Application onboarding and image management" and "Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)"	Application lifecycle management is in scope of GS MEC 040. However, the corresponding reference point is not currently defined, e.g., reference point between OSS and MEF. The information flows of those functionalities are not defined yet as well as those data models and APIs, ETSI ISG MEC needs to define them.
"Telemetry", "Notifications", "Network Events", and "Trouble Ticketing"	Out of current scope of GS MEC 040 (see packaging approach in slide 9).
"Application Resource Catalogue"	It might be covered by "MEC host discovery". ETSI ISG MEC needs to define its message flow, data models and APIs. Other MEC enablers are MEC011 and MEC 10-2
"Ordering", "Charging", "Billing", "QoS Management", "Traffic Influence", and "Managing Service availability in LADN"	Out of current scope of MEC 040 (see packaging approach in slide 9).
"Application relocation"	It can be partially covered by MEC 040, application lifecycle management. Notifying user device of change of communication endpoint is covered by MEC 016, which is limited to user apps instantiated over Mx2. Other MEC enabler is MEC021

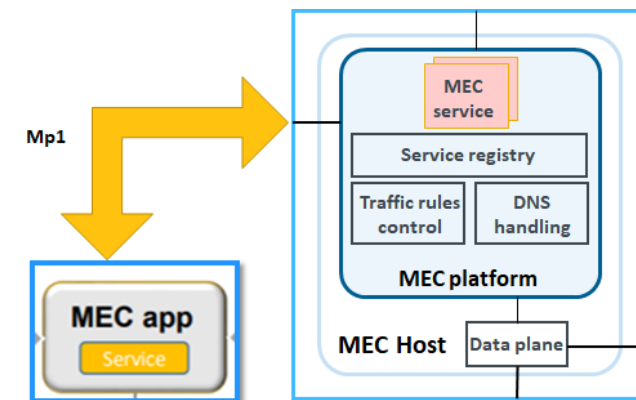
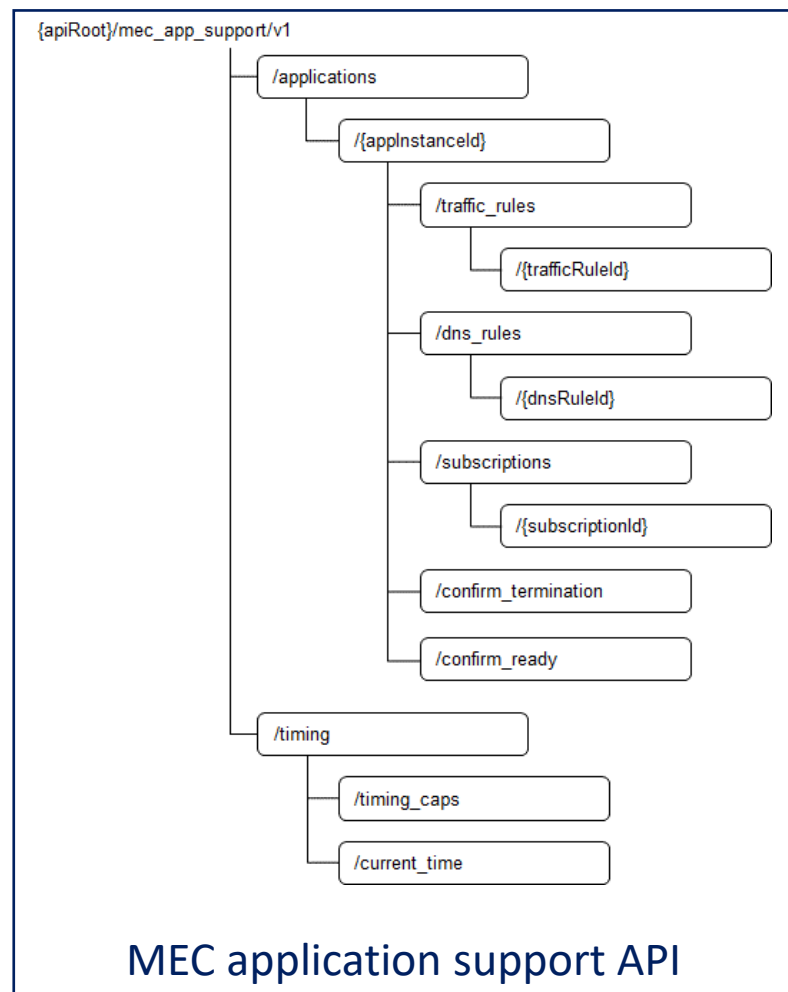
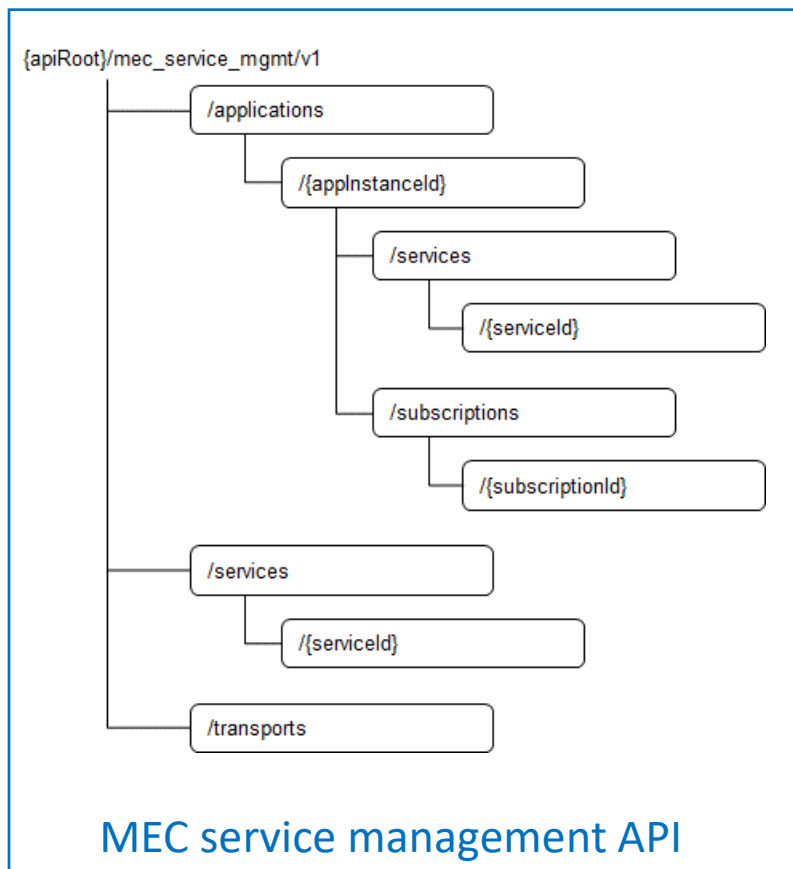
GS MEC 040 – relevance for OP-NBI and OP-EWBI

- OP-EWBI

APIs	Comments
"Application onboarding", "Application Instance Management (Resource Life-Cycle Management)", "Telemetry", "Notifications", "Network Events", "Trouble Ticketing"	Please see the previous slide (see packaging approach in slide 9).
"East/West Bound Interface Management"	It should be covered by "Registration/Update/Deregistration of MEC system(s) to the federation". The information flows have been agreed. The data models and APIs should be defined by ETSI ISG MEC.
"Availability Zone Information Synchronisation Service"	It can be covered by "MEC host discovery". ETSI ISG MEC needs to define information flows, data models and APIs. However, regardless of what "Zone" means, e.g., geographical zone or topological zone, etc., the exposed information should be defined based on the agreement among federated MEC systems.
"LBO roaming (Monitoring)" and "LBO Roaming (Authentication)"	Out of current scope of MEC 040 (see packaging approach in slide 9).
"Edge Node Sharing (resource onboarding & Management)"	It should be covered by "MEC service discovery", "MEC host discovery", and "application lifecycle management". ETSI ISG MEC needs to define information flows, data models and APIs.

GS MEC 011 – relevance for OP-NBI and OP-EWBI

- MEC 011 is a relevant enabler for both OP-NBI and OP-EWBI.
- MEC 011 provides information and support about MEC services and MEC applications.

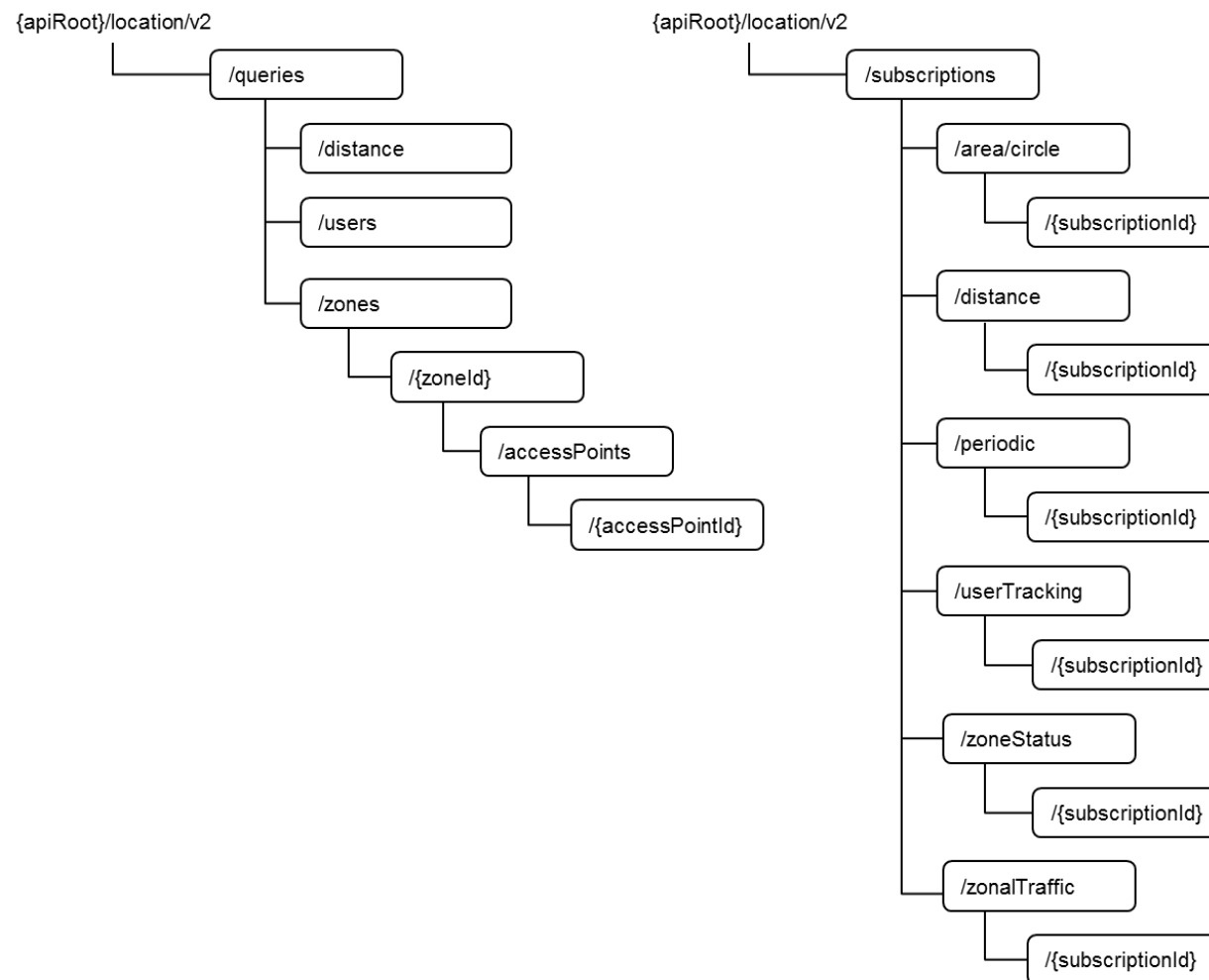


Work in progress to

- Identify and address the gap in support of OP-EWBI (potentially also OP-NBI)
- Align with 3GPP work on the relevant aspects

GS MEC 013 – relevance for OP-NBI

- MEC013 supports querying UE(s) location and subscribing for reporting UE(s) location periodically or triggered by some events, like entering an area, leaving an area, etc.
- MEC013 also supports querying and subscribing location information by zone and access point granularity. The access point ID is equal to an ECGI concatenated with a Cell Portion ID as defined in 3GPP TS 29171.

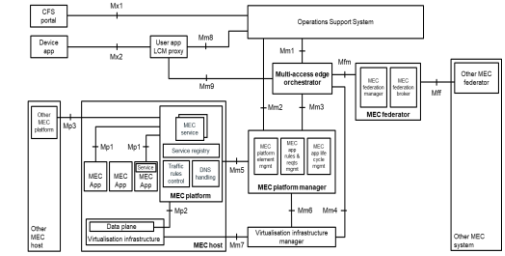


Conclusions

Conclusions (ETSI MEC perspective)

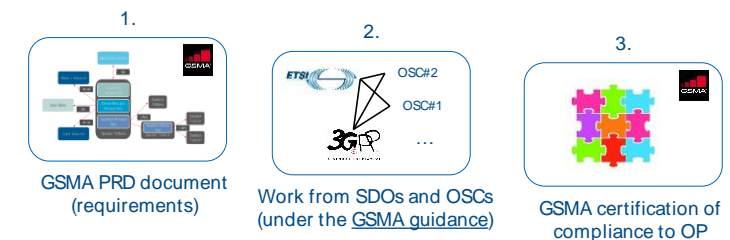
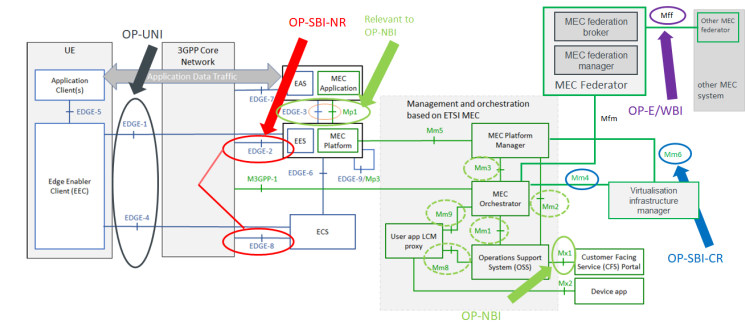
Current status of ETSI MEC:

- Updated MEC Architecture, with variant for MEC federation: ETSI GS MEC 003 stable draft available at the [MEC Open Area](#)
- Specifications covering some enablers and/or or interfaces / APIs:
 - MEC 040 proposed to host EWBI and NBI standard, while technical enablers are defined in other MEC specs and SDOs
 - Covered APIs: “Federation Enablement APIs” in ETSI GS MEC 040 (WIP): drafts available at the MEC Open Area
 - Note: the structure of MEC 040 contains clause 5 (informative) on message exchanges, and clause 6 and 7 (normative) on data types and API design
 - Main MEC technical enablers: MEC 10-2, MEC 011, MEC 013, MEC 015, MEC 016, MEC 021, MEC 037



Proposed approach for the areas where gaps would exist, for:

- Defining the required APIs
 - Normative work (stage 2 – sequence diagrams) reuse existing specs from ETSI MEC and 3GPP
 - MEC 040 with a “packaging approach” to indicating the applicable APIs (from ETSI, 3GPP, TMF)
- Building a collaboration framework between GSMA, ETSI and 3GPP for that definition
 - GSMA to finalize the detailed mapping and worksplit, based on synergized architecture (see slide 7)
 - (e.g. in a White Paper, a future PRD, or also by directly contributing to an Annex of MEC 040, etc..)
 - ETSI MEC and 3GPP to work on aligned standards, and finally GSMA to certify OP compliance (see slide 5)

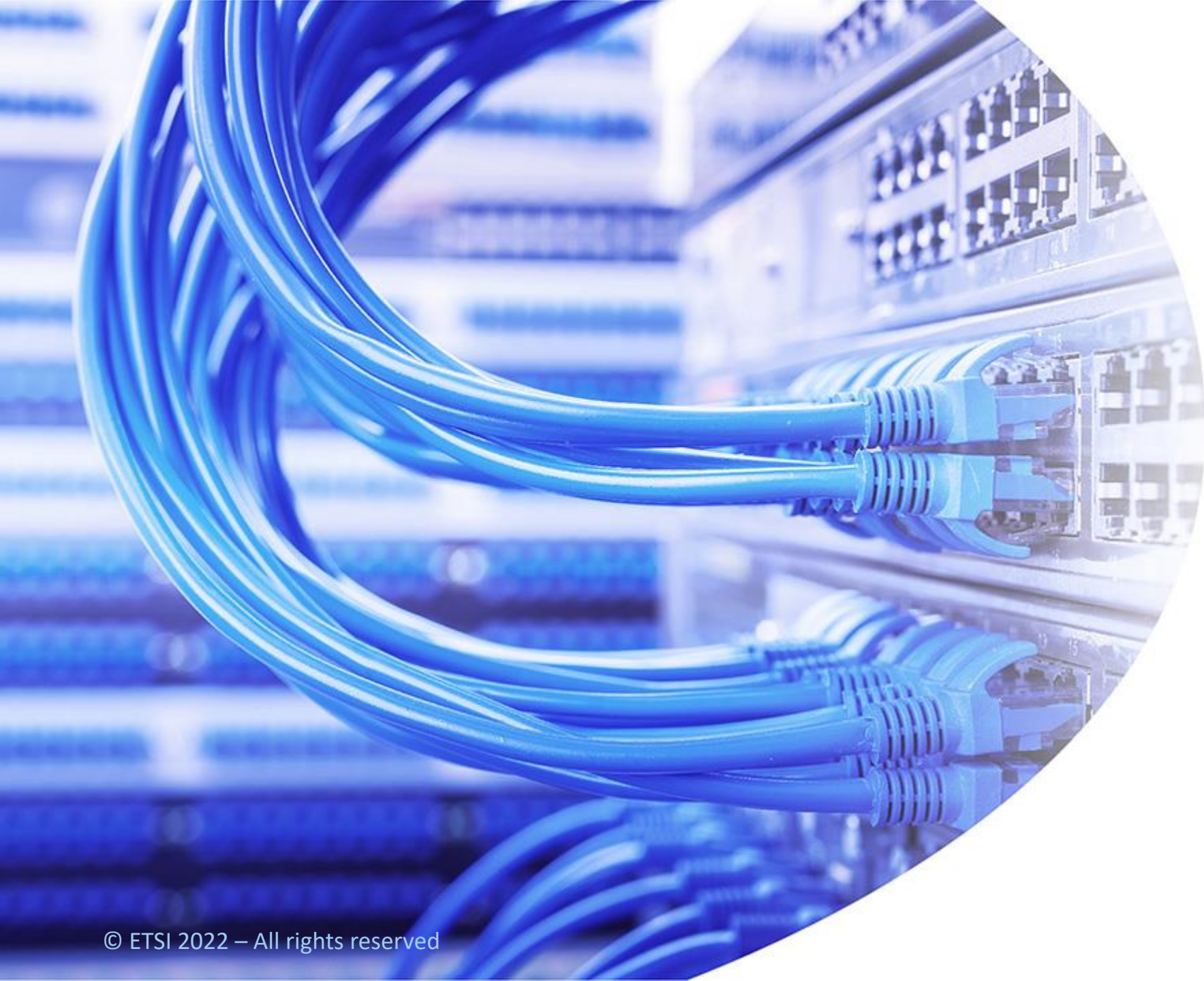


Proposed actions: all parties to discuss, reach an agreement, finally GSMA to minute any agreed plans



Thank you!





BACKUP slides

ETSI MEC – Foundation for Edge Computing

Basic principles:

- **Open standard** → allowing multiple implementations and ensuring interoperability
- MEC exploiting ETSI **NFV framework** and definitions → enabling MEC in NFV deployments
- Alignment with **3GPP** based on fruitful collaboration of common member companies → enabling MEC in 5G
- **Access-agnostic** nature (as per MEC acronym - Multi-access Edge Computing) → enabling other accesses
- Addressing the needs of a **wide ecosystem** → enable multiple verticals (e.g. automotive), federations

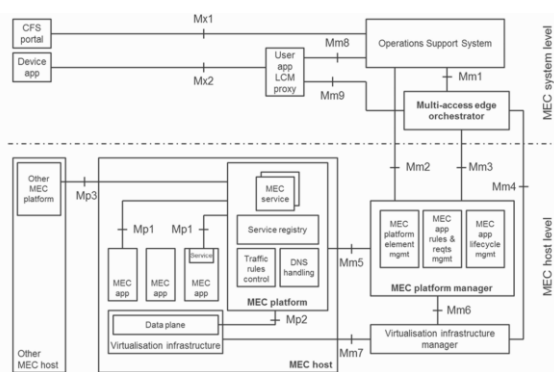
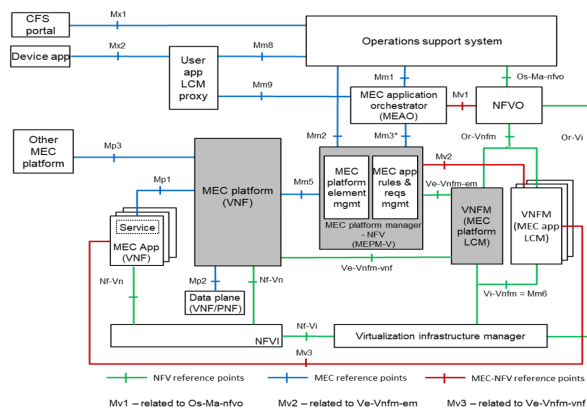
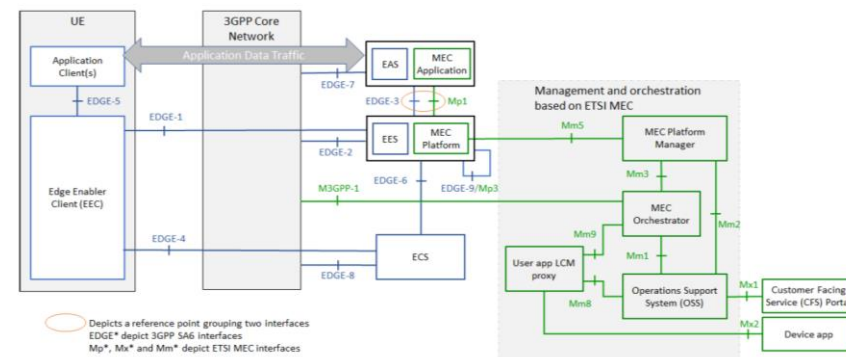


Figure 6-1: Multi-access edge system reference architecture

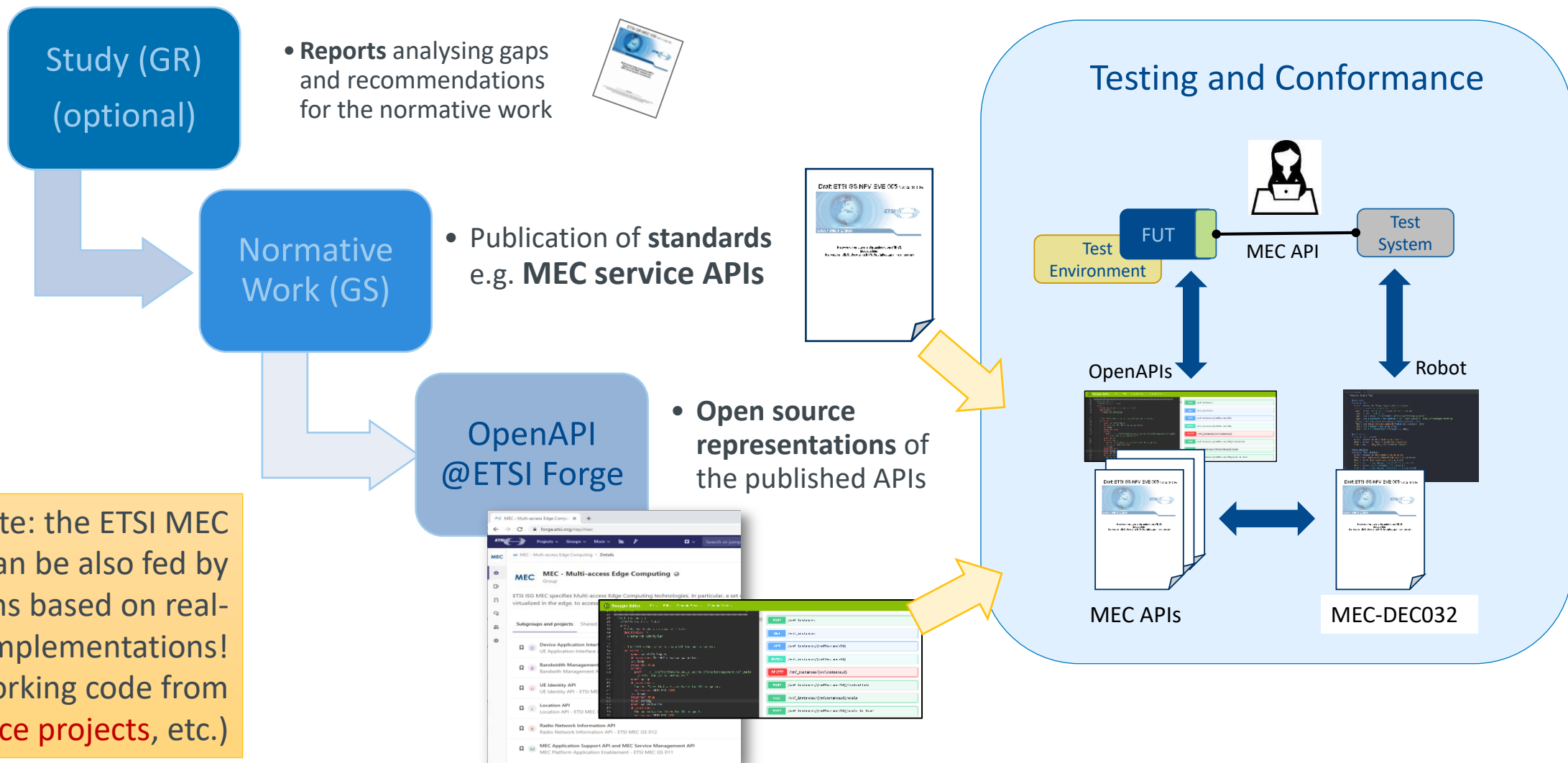


Mv1 – related to Os-Ma-nfvo Mv2 – related to Ve-Vnfm-em Mv3 – related to Ve-Vnfm-nfm



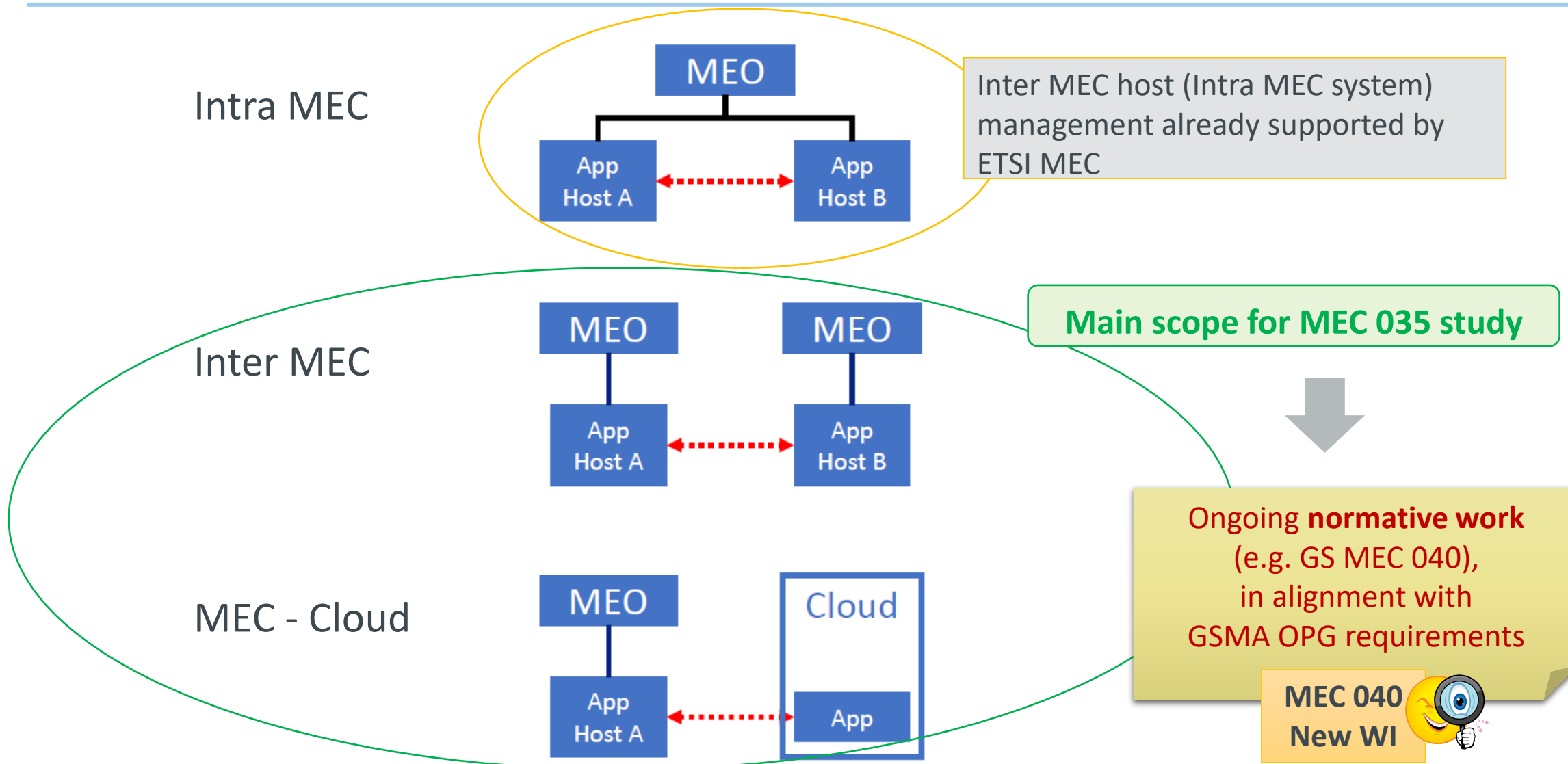
○ Depicts a reference point grouping two interfaces
EDGE* depict 3GPP SA6 interfaces
Mp*, Mx* and Mm* depict ETSI MEC interfaces

Workflow in ETSI MEC (mainstream so far)



Note: the ETSI MEC standard can be also fed by contributions based on real-world implementations! (e.g. working code from **open source projects**, etc.)

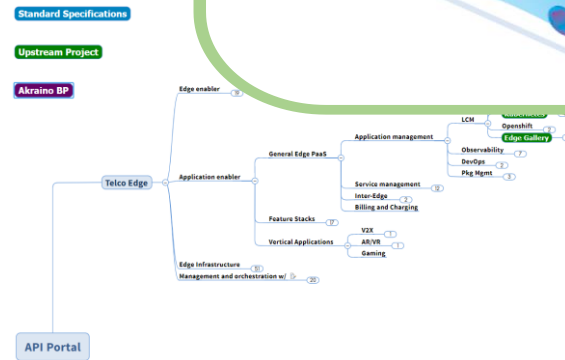
MEC Phase 3: expanding the scope to MEC Federation



ETSI ISG MEC DECODE Working Group: MEC Deployment and Ecosystem engagement activities



- OpenAPI representations: ETSI Forge
- Testing and Conformance
- MEC Ecosystem wiki
- PoCs (proof-of-concepts)
- MDTs (MEC Deployment Trials)
- MEC Sandbox
- Collaborations: Akraino
- Hackathons
- Plugtests
- MEC Tech Series



1 - 15 Oct 2021
NFV&MEC IOP
Plugtests 2021



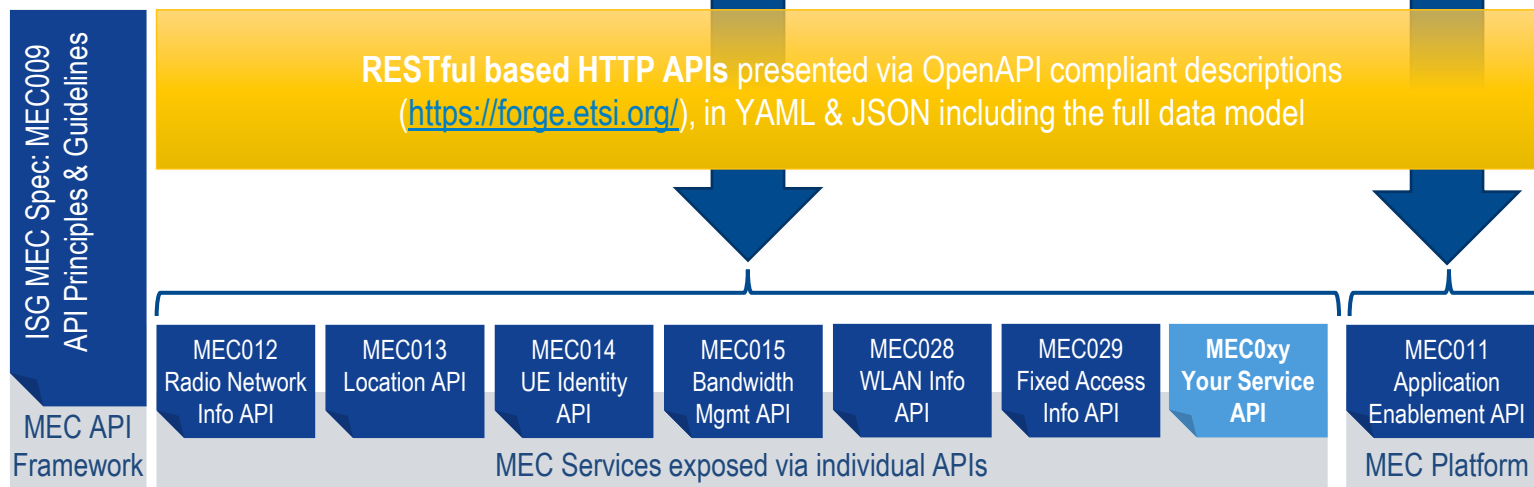
MEC Solution	Description	MEC Component	MEC Offer supported	Link
AKRAINO	AKRAINO is a multi-Edge Platform (MEP) that acts as a central orchestrator, enabling comprehensive Edge Computing capabilities, including: Network Management, Application Management, Service Management, Billing and Charging, and more. The platform enables operators to manage their edge applications and services across multiple MEC sites.	MEP Platform	MEP Platform	Link
ARRANO	ARRANO is a multi-Edge Platform (MEP) that acts as a central orchestrator, enabling comprehensive Edge Computing capabilities, including: Network Management, Application Management, Service Management, Billing and Charging, and more. The platform enables operators to manage their edge applications and services across multiple MEC sites.	MEP Platform	MEP Platform	Link
ZENON	ZENON is a multi-Edge Platform (MEP) that acts as a central orchestrator, enabling comprehensive Edge Computing capabilities, including: Network Management, Application Management, Service Management, Billing and Charging, and more. The platform enables operators to manage their edge applications and services across multiple MEC sites.	MEP Platform	MEP Platform	Link
ITALTEL	ITALTEL is a multi-Edge Platform (MEP) that acts as a central orchestrator, enabling comprehensive Edge Computing capabilities, including: Network Management, Application Management, Service Management, Billing and Charging, and more. The platform enables operators to manage their edge applications and services across multiple MEC sites.	MEP Platform	MEP Platform	Link
LOCATION AN	LOCATION AN is a multi-Edge Platform (MEP) that acts as a central orchestrator, enabling comprehensive Edge Computing capabilities, including: Network Management, Application Management, Service Management, Billing and Charging, and more. The platform enables operators to manage their edge applications and services across multiple MEC sites.	MEP Platform	MEP Platform	Link

Enabling Global Application Portability



MEC Application Development Community

Interaction & Information Exposure



- ✓ Simple to use, well documented APIs, published with OpenAPI Framework
- ✓ Create innovative applications quickly and easily, reducing time-to-revenue
- ✓ New APIs (compliant with the MEC API principles) can be added
- ✓ Increase the Total Addressable Market (TAM)

